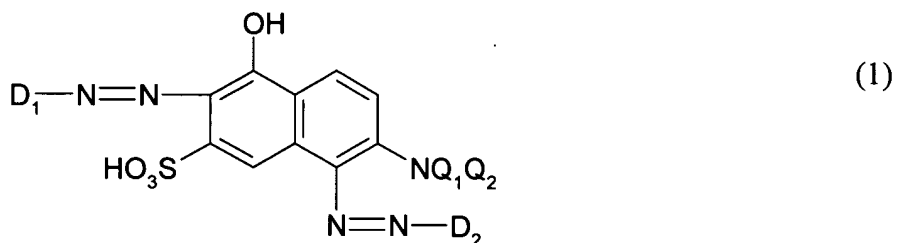


**Amendments to the Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

Claim 1 (original). A reactive dye of formula

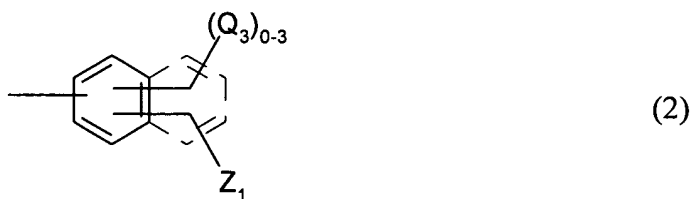


wherein

$Q_1$  and  $Q_2$  are each independently of the other hydrogen or unsubstituted or substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,

$D_1$  is the radical of a diazo component, which is itself a mono- or dis-azo dye or contains such a dye,

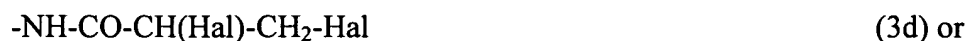
$D_2$  has the same definition as  $D_1$  or is a radical of formula



wherein

$(Q_3)_{0-3}$  denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents selected from the group halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, carboxy and sulfo and

Z<sub>1</sub> is a radical of formula



Y is vinyl or a  $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{U}$  radical and U is a group that is removable under alkaline conditions,

m and n are each independently of the other the number 2, 3 or 4, and Hal is halogen, with the proviso that the dye of formula (1) does not contain a hydroxysulfonylmethyl group.

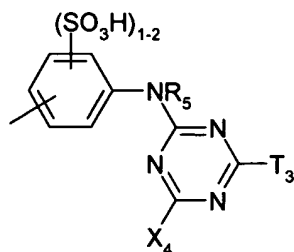
Claim 2 (original). A reactive dye according to claim 1, wherein Q<sub>1</sub> and Q<sub>2</sub> are hydrogen.

Claim 3 (currently amended). A reactive dye according to ~~either claim 1 or claim 2~~, wherein

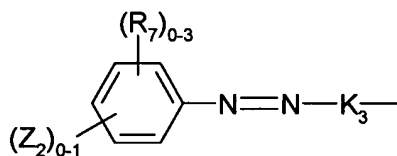
Y is  $-\text{Cl}$ ,  $-\text{Br}$ ,  $-\text{F}$ ,  $-\text{OSO}_3\text{H}$ ,  $-\text{SSO}_3\text{H}$ ,  $-\text{OCO}-\text{CH}_3$ ,  $-\text{OPO}_3\text{H}_2$ ,  $-\text{OCO}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$ ,  $-\text{OSO}_2-\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$  alkyl or  $-\text{OSO}_2-\text{N}(\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4 \text{ alkyl})_2$ .

Claim 4 (currently amended). A reactive dye according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 3~~, wherein

D<sub>1</sub> corresponds to a radical of formula (5) or (11)



(5) or



(11),

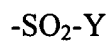
wherein

$R_5$  is hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,

$(R_7)_{0-3}$  denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents selected from the group halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkanoylamino, carboxy and sulfo,

$X_4$  is fluorine or chlorine,

$Z_2$  is a fibre-reactive radical of formula

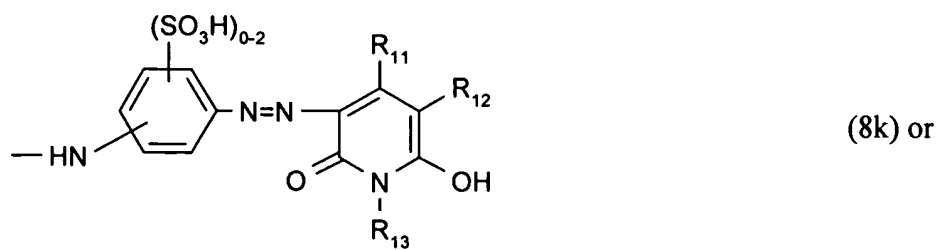
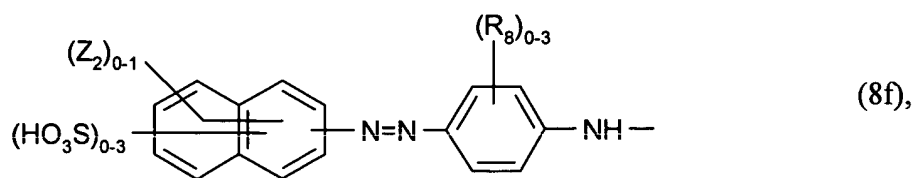
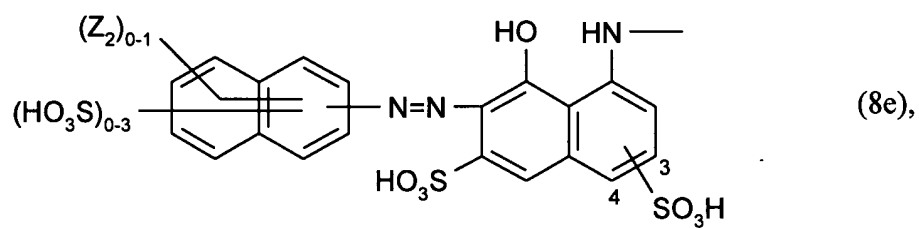
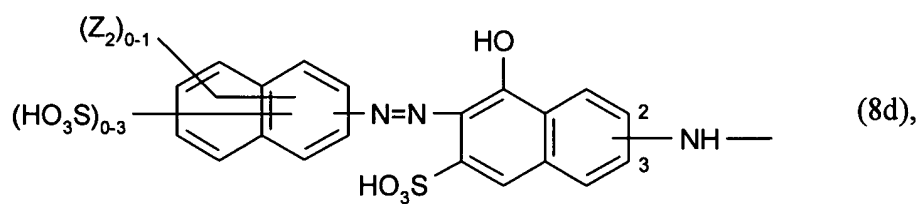
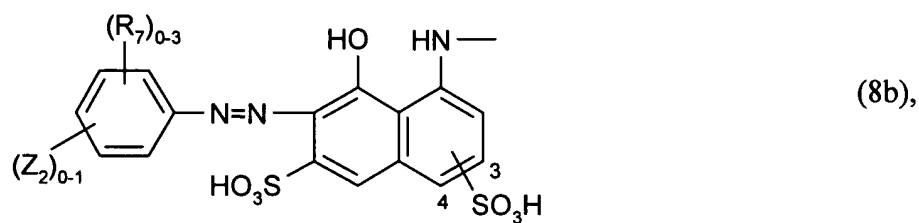
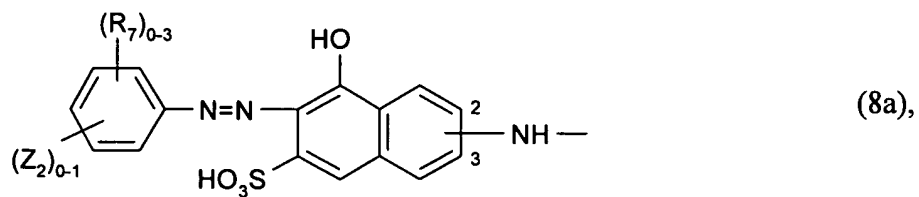


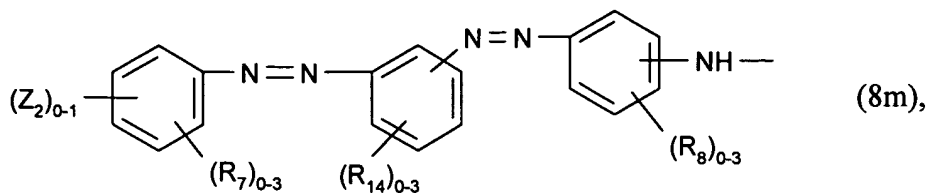
(3a),

wherein

$Y$  is vinyl or  $\beta$ -sulfatoethyl,

$T_3$  is a radical of formula





wherein

$(R_7)_{0-3}$  is as defined hereinabove,

$(R_8)_{0-3}$  denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents from the group halogen, nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, sulfamoyl, carbamoyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, sulfato or by  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy; amino,  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkanoylamino, ureido, hydroxy, carboxy, sulfomethyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylsulfonylamino and sulfo,

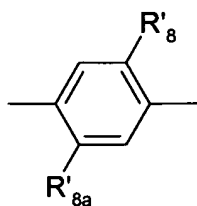
$R_{11}$  and  $R_{13}$  are each independently of the other hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl or phenyl,

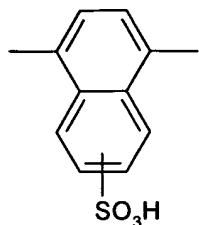
$R_{12}$  is hydrogen, cyano, carbamoyl or sulfomethyl,

$(R_{14})_{0-3}$  denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents from the group  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, halogen, carboxy and sulfo, and

$Z_2$  is as defined hereinabove,

$K_3$  is the radical of a coupling component of formula



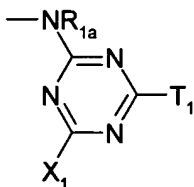


(12b),

wherein

R'<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen, sulfo, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy unsubstituted or substituted in the alkyl moiety by hydroxy or by sulfato, and

R'<sub>8a</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkanoylamino, ureido or a radical of formula



(3f),

wherein

R<sub>1a</sub> is hydrogen,

T<sub>1</sub> is amino; N-mono- or N,N-di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino unsubstituted or substituted in the alkyl moiety/moieties by hydroxy, sulfato or by sulfo; morpholino; phenylamino unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl ring by sulfo, carboxy, acetylamino, chlorine, methyl or by methoxy; or N-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl-N-phenylamino unsubstituted or substituted in the same way on the phenyl ring and in which the alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, sulfo or by sulfato; or naphthylamino unsubstituted or substituted by from 1 to 3 sulfo groups, and

X<sub>1</sub> is chlorine.

Claim 5 (currently amended). A reactive dye according to claim 1 ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~, wherein

D<sub>2</sub> is a radical of formula



wherein

Y is vinyl or  $\beta$ -sulfatoethyl.

Claim 6 (currently amended). A process for the preparation of a dye of formula (1) according to claim 1, which comprises

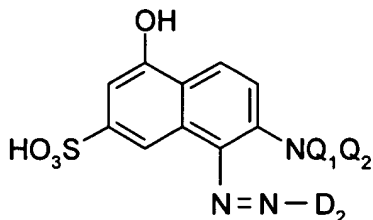
(i) diazotisation of approximately one molar equivalent of an amine of formula



~~in customary manner~~ and reaction with approximately one molar equivalent of a compound of formula



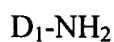
to form a compound of formula



(15a);

and

(ii) diazotisation of approximately one molar equivalent of an amine of formula



(16)

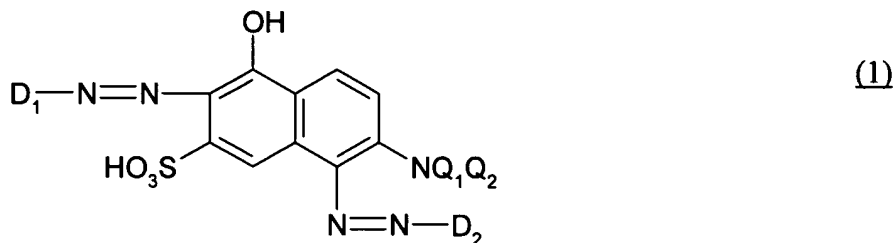
~~in customary manner~~ and reaction with approximately one molar equivalent of the compound of formula (15a) obtained according to (i) to form a compound of formula (1) according to claim 1 wherein  $D_1$ ,  $D_2$ ,  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$  each have the definitions ~~and preferred meanings~~ given in claim 1.

Claims 7-8 (canceled).

Claim 9 (original). An aqueous ink that comprises a reactive dye of formula (1) according to claim 1.

Claim 10 (currently amended). A process for printing a substrate ~~textile fibre material, paper or plastics film according to the inkjet printing method, which comprises using an aqueous ink according to claim 9~~ comprising spraying individual droplets of an aqueous ink onto the substrate from a nozzle in a controlled manner wherein the aqueous ink comprises a reactive dye of formula



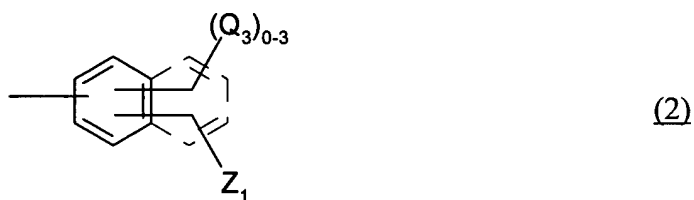


wherein

Q<sub>1</sub> and Q<sub>2</sub> are each independently of the other hydrogen or unsubstituted or substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl,

D<sub>1</sub> is the radical of a diazo component, which is itself a mono- or dis-azo dye or contains such a dye,

D<sub>2</sub> has the same definition as D<sub>1</sub> or is a radical of formula



wherein

(Q<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0-3</sub> denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents selected from the group halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkoxy, carboxy and sulfo and

Z<sub>1</sub> is a radical of formula





(3d) or



(3e).

Y is vinyl or a -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-U radical and U is a group that is removable under alkaline conditions.

m and n are each independently of the other the number 2, 3 or 4, and

Hal is halogen.

with the proviso that the dye of formula (1) does not contain a hydroxysulfonylmethyl group.

Claim 11 (new). The process of claim 10 wherein the substrate is selected from textile fibre material, paper and plastic film.

Claim 12 (new). A method for dyeing fibre material which comprises applying a reactive dye of formula (1) according to claim 1 to the fibre material and fixing the reactive dye to the fibre material.

Claim 13 (new). The method according to claim 12 wherein the fibre material is a hydroxyl-group-containing fibre material or a nitrogen-group-containing fibre material.

Claim 14 (new). The method of claim 12 wherein the fibre material is a cellulosic fibre material.

Claim 15 (new). The method of claim 14 wherein the cellulosic fibre material is a cotton-containing fibre material.